

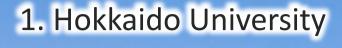
Intangible Technology Transfer and Trade Secrets

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- 2. ITT for Academia
 - 3. Tools for ITT
 - 4. Expansion of Security Export Control
 - 5. Trade Secrets



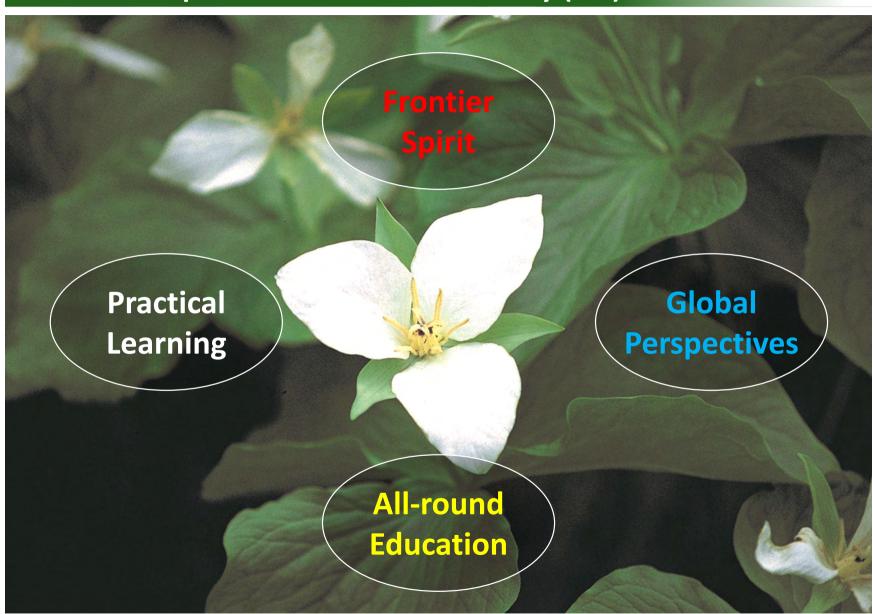
1. Hokkaido University



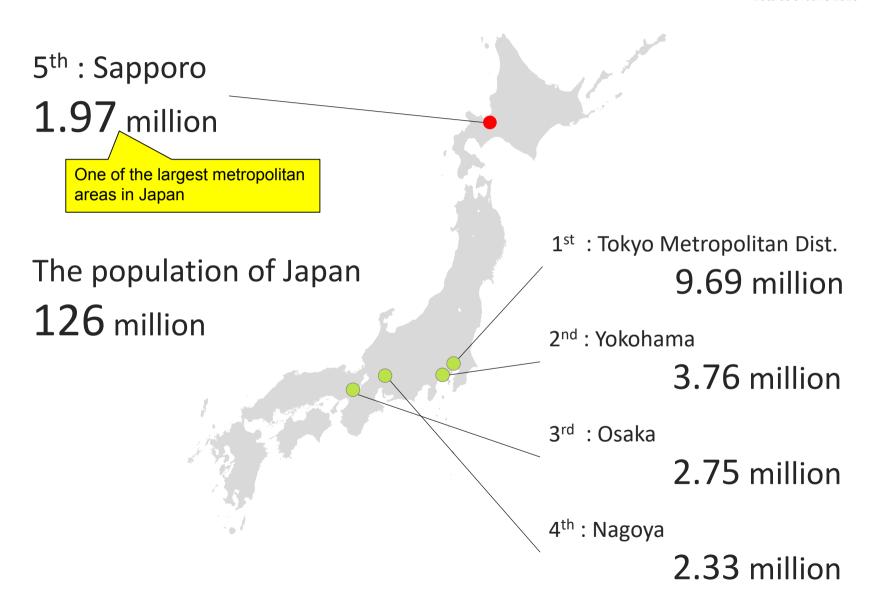


Basic Philosophies of Hokkaido University (HU)





Data as of June 2020



Data as of May 2020 *July 2020

Organizations *



12 Undergraduate Schools

21 Graduate Schools

25 Research Institutes / Centers

Budget



2020 FY

ca. 103.7 billion JPY

(ca. 943 million USD)

Staff

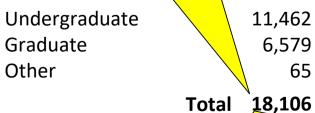


Executives & Vice Presidents Academic 1,985 Admin./Technical 1,924

> 3,917 **Total**

1% of Sapporo City Residents

Students



Total

Overseas students 2,094

Acreage



1.8 km² Sapporo Campus $0.1 \, \text{km}^2$ **Hakodate Campus** Other 658.3 km²

> 660.2 km² **Total**



Security Export Control Organization of HU



Head of Security Export Control (President)

General Manager of Security Export Control (Director appointed by President)

University Manager of Security Export Control

Security Export Control Committee

Chairman = University Manager, Security Export Control

Committee Members

- Several number of staff members from Center for Innovation and Business Promotion
- Deputy head of International Department (to be appointed by President)
- · Head of Research Promotion Department
- Other person(s) deemed necessary by Committee

Faculty Manager of Security Export

Control

(Head of Faculty, etc.)

Secondary Examination Office



Detailed structure of primary examination to be determined by the relevant faculty (faculties) including appointing key faculty members (export control adviser), examiner working group, or establishing committee (possibly by multiple

[Examination Structure]

faculties), etc.

[Organization for Examination]

* Key faculty members (export of

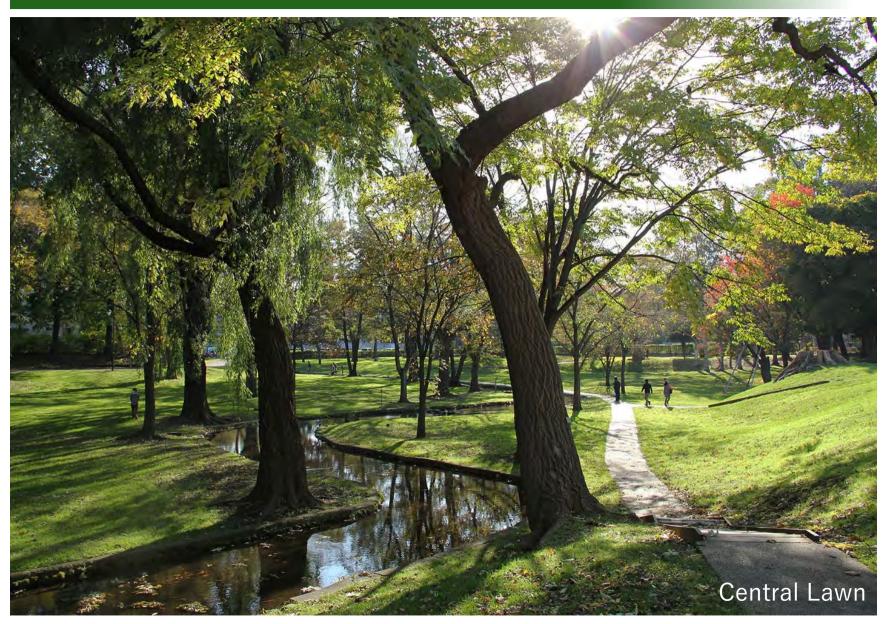
* Key faculty members (export control adviser), etc., examiner working group, or establishment of committee (discretionary).

Applicant (Faculty, etc.)

Primary Examination Faculty, etc.

2. ITT for Academia







ITT (Intangible Technology Transfer)

Security Export Control deals with goods and technologies As for technology, it is intangible, not-aging and easy to transfer Unauthorized ITT, including know-how, should be prohibited especially for universities dealing with cutting edge technologies

Academic Freedom vs. ITT

Find balance between openness and security Critical to defend important values such as free speech, academic freedom and research integrity on top of regulatory compliance Drawing clear lines between what is controlled and what should be openly shared and publicly accessible at the outset of the research is critical to international security

Research fields so diverse

WA (all categories): all sort of engineering

NSG: nuclear engineering MTCR: space engineering AG: pharmacy, veterinary



Despite of critical task, not enough manpower assigned in reality!



- As for sensitive cases such as transfer of controlled technologies, face-to-face meetings held directly at the office of faculty MOST IMPORTANT AND EFFECTIVE!
- Faculty Development (FD) is done every year for faculty members dealing with sensitive technologies such as Graduate School of Space Engineering, etc.

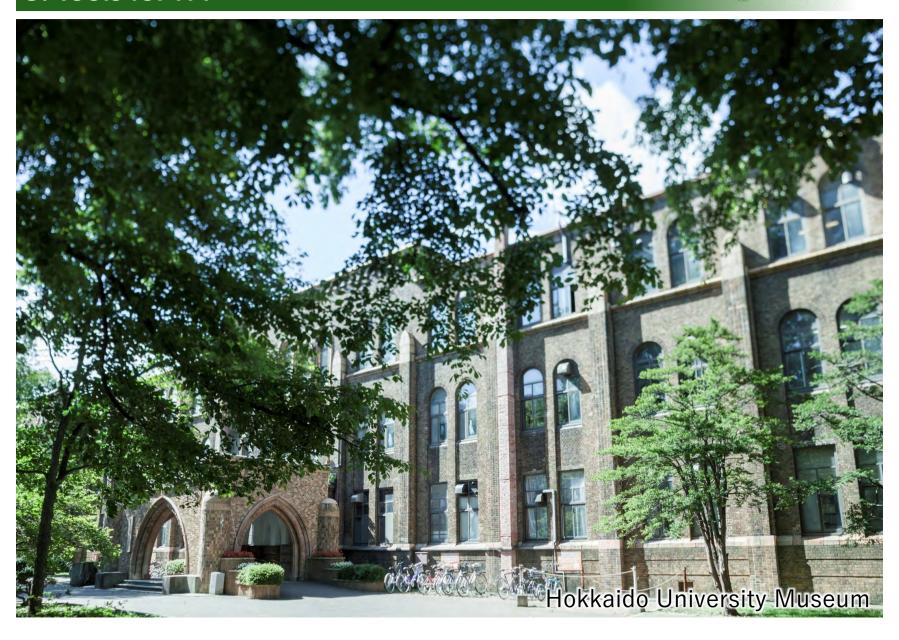
List control and Catch-all (CA) rules

How to understand Combined Matrix Tables

Relationship between the Foreign End Users List and highly concerned goods.

- Checking and correction of reporting from faculties
- Application for Individual Validated License and management of Bulk License
- University-wide audit

Identify issues by university-wide audit and implement **PDCA** cycle. Presentation on amendments to law and regulations as well.



Tools surrounding ITT



List Control

Combined Matrix https://www.meti.go.jp/policy/anpo/matrix intro.html

Faculty Development

Faculty Development (FD) inside HU
Due to Civid-19, FD is done by online

Catch-all Control

Foreign End User List
https://www.meti.go.jp/policy/anpo/law05.html#user-list
The Commodity Watch List for WMD/Conventional
Weapon Catch-All

ICP of HU

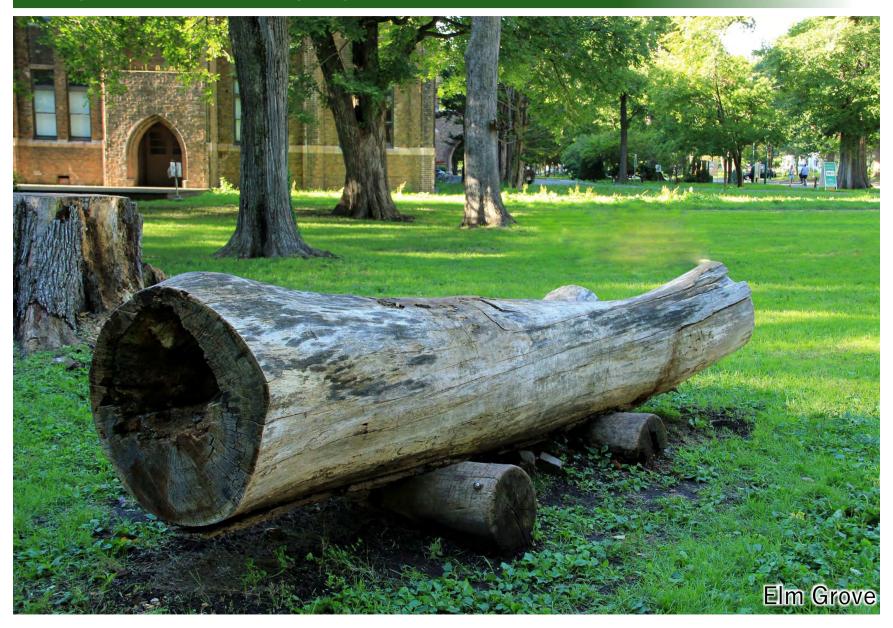
Internal Compliance
Program of HU
https://www.hokudai.ac.jp/jimuk/reiki/reiki_honbun/u01
https://www.hokudai.ac.jp/jimuk/reiki/reiki_honbun/u01
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https://www.hokudai.ac.jp/jimuk/reiki/reiki_honbun/u01

Advisor for voluntary security export control project by METI

Guidance for the Control of Sensitive Technologies

Self assessment Check List

Guideline for Classification



Expansion of Security Export Control WHOKKAIDO 13



Emerging Technology/Foundational Technology

14 fields of Emerging Technology

(1)Biotechnology	(8)Logistics technology
(2)Artificial intelligence (AI)	(9)Additive manufacturing
(3)PNT technology	(10)Robotics
(4)Microprocessor technology	(11)Brain-computer interfaces
(5)Advanced computing technology	(12)Hypersonics
(6)Data analytics technology	(13)Advanced Materials
(7)Quantum information and sensing technology	(14)Advanced surveillance technologies

- > The concept of Economic Security introduced
- > Human Rights to be included in addition to the control of traditional WMD and conventional weapons
- > CISTEC* Journal: the useful tool to follow the trends mentioned above

https://www.cistec.or.jp/journal/journal.html

*Center for Information on Security Trade Controls

Various Activities



(i) Regional initiative to promote security trade control for academia

There are several initiatives in Japan

Hokkaido area is unique in inclusion of technical colleges



(ii) Export Control Day for Academia Annual event for universities across the nation, concerning security export control, originated in 2013 https://efa.ken-shin.net/



(iii) Interaction with foreign universities for sharing information



In the context of technology outflow, trade secrets also constitute integral part of risk management in universities. Though the major part of trade secrets comes from domestic companies at present, the trend of globalization accelerates the necessity of adequate control of trade secrets with global companies.

Comparatively new compared with Security Export Control

To promote joint research with companies, the adequate control of trade secrets indispensable for protecting their IPR

Governing law different:

Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Act (Security Export Control)
Unfair Competition Prevention Act (trade secrets)

In universities, the same organization tend to deal with both functions

NDA: first step

Three level classification Informed consent for students

Beautiful Seasonal Scenes from the Campus









